Overview

This course is an introduction to game theory: the mathematical analysis of strategic decision making. The bulk of the course is organized around classes of “games,” that is, representations of strategic environments. For each class of games we will develop and learn to use one or more “solution concepts,” that is, methods of deriving predictions. When possible, we will appeal to applications from political science. That said, the concepts are general, and social scientists from neighboring disciplines should find the course accessible and useful.

Along the way, we will also discuss theories of individual and social choice. A theory of individual choice is essential to any model of group choice derived from the preferences of individual actors; game theory is a general framework for building such models. Social-choice theory—the study of how individual preferences are aggregated directly into social preferences, rather than indirectly through strategic choice—is an alternative approach to modeling group choice. We study social-choice theory both because of its importance to political science in general and because of the close relationship between many results in social-choice theory and those in game theory.

Course Requirements

There are four components to the course grade:

- Midterm exam: 35 percent
- Final exam: 50 percent
- Problem sets: 15 percent

Problem sets will be distributed every Thursday that class meets but March 16 and May 4. They are due the following Thursday in class, but for the problem set distributed March 9, which is due March 30. Grading of the problem sets will be “coarse,” with each problem
set given a check plus (exemplary effort), check (complete/good effort), check minus (incomplete/poor effort), or zero (not turned in). Despite the coarseness, and notwithstanding the small direct contribution to your final grade, by far the most important thing you can do in this course is to give yourself heart, body, and soul to the problem sets. Do not be tempted into easing back for a problem set or two, with the thought that you can catch up before the exam. This material is like a train: if you get off at one station, you will find it very difficult to get back on at the next. Do work in groups, but ideally only after you have already attempted to solve the problems on your own; the final writeup should be your own. Please see me and your teaching assistant when you have questions.

Although there is no formal participation grade, attendance in discussion section is required. Among other benefits, this is where you will learn many of the tricks used to solve problems.

In addition to regular class attendance, you are encouraged to attend the Political Economy Colloquium, which meets irregularly and jointly with one of the subfield colloquia, depending on the substantive focus of the talk. The colloquium schedule and papers to be presented will be posted at https://pec.polisci.wisc.edu.

Reading

In contrast to many topics in political science, game theory is best taught from a textbook. There are two texts for the course, both available at the University Bookstore and elsewhere:


Additional readings are listed below and will be made available through the course website.

Schedule

Readings are given in chapter:section:subsection format.

I Individual and Social Choice

January 19—Individual Choice Under Certainty and Uncertainty

McCarty and Meirowitz 2, 3

January 26—Social Choice

McCarty and Meirowitz 4
II  Strategic Games with Perfect Information

February 2—Nash Equilibrium

Osborne 2
McCarty and Meirowitz 5.1, 5.2.2, 5.6

February 9—Applications: Electoral Competition, the Commons Problem

Osborne 3.3
McCarty and Meirowitz 5.3

February 16—TBA

February 23—Mixed-Strategy Nash Equilibrium

Osborne 4.1-4.5, 4.7-4.10, 4.12
McCarty and Meirowitz 5.4, 5.13

March 2—Rationalizability and Iterated Dominance

Review Osborne 2.9, 4.4
Osborne 12
McCarty and Meirowitz 5.2.1, 5.5

III  Extensive Games with Perfect Information

March 9—Subgame-Perfect Nash Equilibrium

Osborne 5, 7.1
McCarty and Meirowitz 7.1, 7.3, 7.5

March 16—MIDTERM EXAM

March 23—SPRING BREAK

March 30—Application: Repeated Games

Osborne 14, 15
McCarty and Meirowitz 9

April 6—Application: Bargaining Models

Osborne 16.1
McCarty and Meirowitz 10.2–10.4
IV Strategic Games with Imperfect Information

April 13—Bayesian Nash Equilibrium

Osborne 9.1-9.3
McCarty and Meirowitz 6.1, 6.3, 6.8

V Extensive Games with Imperfect Information

April 20—Weak Sequential Equilibrium and Perfect Bayesian Equilibrium

Osborne 10.1-10.4
McCarty and Meirowitz 8.1

April 27—Application: Signaling Games

Osborne 10.5, 10.7
McCarty and Meirowitz 8.2, 8.3, 8.6.2

VI Other

May 4—Cooperative Game Theory

Osborne 8.1-8.2, 8.6